APM 346 Calculus of Variations Problems.

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The following problems are taken directly from [Str08, Ch.14.3]. Number in the problem are the problem numbers from Strauss.

Problem 1 (14.3.1). Use calculus of variations to prove that the shortest path between two points is a straight line.

Problem 2 (14.3.4). Find the curve y = u(x) that makes the integral $\int_0^1 (u'^2 + xu) dx$ stationary subject to the constraints u(0) = 0 and u(1) = 1.

- **Problem 3** (14.3.10). (a) If the action is $A[u] = \iint (\frac{1}{2}u_xu_t + u_x^3 \frac{1}{2}u_{xx}^2) dx dt$, find the Euler-Lagrange equation.
- (b) If $v = u_x$, show that v satisfies the KdV equation.¹

In order to solve the following problem, read the section on Lagrange multipliers in [IvrXX]:

Problem 4 (14.3.2). Find the shortest curve in the xy-plane that joins the two given points (0, a) and (0, b) and that has given area A below it (above the x-axis and between x = 0 and x = 1); a and b are positive.

References

- [IvrXX] Victor Ivrii. Partial Differential Equations. online textbook for APM346, 20XX.
- [Str08] Walter A. Strauss. Partial differential equations. John Wiley & Sons, Ltd., Chichester, second edition, 2008. An introduction.

¹Remember the KdV equation? It was Example 9 in Lecture 1!